

Listing of the claims

Claims 1-22 Cancelled.

23. (Currently Amended) A method for inhibiting the formation or growth of tumors sensitive to thalidomide in a human ~~or animal~~ comprising administering to said human or animal an effective amount of thalidomide.

Claim 24. Cancelled.

25. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~Claim 24~~ Claim 23 wherein the thalidomide is administered orally, sublingually, buccally, rectally, vaginally, transdermally, topically, basally, or parenterally.

26. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 23 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a tablet or capsule.

27. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 23 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.1 and approximately 300 mg/kg/day.

28. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~Claim 24~~ Claim 23 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.5 and 50 mg/kg/day.

29. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 28 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 1 and approximately 10 mg/kg/day.

30. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~Claim 24~~ Claim 23 wherein the ~~mammal~~ human is at risk for developing a tumor.

31. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 23 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a lozenge, a cachet, a solution, a suspension, an emulsion, a powder, an aerosol, a spray, a suppository, a tampon, a pessary, a pastille, an ointment, a cream, a paste, a foam or a gel.

Claim 32. Cancelled.

33. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 23 wherein the human has a primary tumor.

34. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 33 wherein the primary tumor is ~~selected from the group consisting of~~ Kaposi's sarcoma, hemangiomas, solid tumors, blood-born tumors, rhabdomyosarcoma, retinoblastoma, Ewings's sarcoma, neuroblastoma, osteosarcoma, leukemia, neurofibroma, pyogenic granuloma, ~~and~~ or breast cancer.

35. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 33 wherein the thalidomide is administered orally, sublingually, buccally, rectally, vaginally, transdermally, topically, basally, or parenterally.

36. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 33 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.1 and approximately 300 mg/kg/day.

37. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 36 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.5 and approximately 50 mg/kg/day.

38. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 37 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 1 and approximately 10 mg/kg/day.

39. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 33 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a tablet or capsule.

40. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 33 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a lozenge, a cachet, a solution, a suspension, an emulsion, a powder, an aerosol, a spray, a suppository, a tampon, a pessary, a pastille, an ointment, a cream, a paste, a foam or a gel.

41. (Currently Amended) A method for inhibiting metastasis of tumors sensitive to thalidomide in a human ~~or animal~~ having at least one primary tumor comprising administering to said human or animal an effective amount of thalidomide.

42. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 41 wherein the primary tumor is ~~selected from the group consisting of~~ Kaposi's sarcoma, hemangiomas, solid tumors, blood borne tumors, rhabdomyosarcoma, retinoblastoma, Ewings's sarcoma, neuroblastoma, osteosarcoma, leukemia, neurofibroma, pyogenic granuloma, ~~and~~ or breast cancer.

43. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 41 wherein the thalidomide is administered orally, sublingually, buccally, rectally, vaginally, transdermally, topically, basally, or parenterally.

44. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 41 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.1 and approximately 300 mg/kg/day.

45. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 44 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.5 and approximately 50 mg/kg/day.

46. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 45 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 1 and approximately 10 mg/kg/day.

47. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 41 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a tablet or capsule.

48. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 41 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a lozenge, a cachet, a solution, a suspension, an emulsion, a powder, an aerosol, a spray, a suppository, a tampon, a pessary, a pastille, an ointment, a cream, a paste, a foam or a gel.

49. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing the recurrence of a tumor sensitive to thalidomide in a human or animal comprising administering to said human ~~or animal~~ an effective amount of thalidomide.

50. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 49 wherein the human ~~or animal~~ is undergoing cancer therapy.

51. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 49 wherein the tumor is no longer present in said human ~~or animal~~.

52. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 49 wherein the thalidomide is administered orally, sublingually, buccally, rectally, vaginally, transdermally, topically, basally, or parenterally.

53. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 49 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.1 and approximately 300 mg/kg/day.

54. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 53 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 0.5 and approximately 50 mg/kg/day.

55. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 54 wherein the thalidomide is administered in an amount between approximately 1 and approximately 10 mg/kg/day.

56. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 49 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a tablet or capsule.

57. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 49 wherein the thalidomide is administered in the form of a lozenge, a cachet, a solution, a suspension, an emulsion, a powder, an aerosol, a spray, a suppository, a tampon, a pessary, a pastille, an ointment, a cream, a paste, a foam or a gel.

58. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 23 wherein said tumor is a solid or blood borne tumor.